

Algebraic Geometry II

1. Exercise sheet

Exercise 1:

Let \mathcal{P} be one of the following properties of morphisms of schemes: “affine”, “quasi-finite”, “finite”, “integral”.

- (i) Prove that property \mathcal{P} is stable under composition, base change and local on the target.
- (ii) Let S be a scheme, and let X, Y be S -schemes. Let $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be a morphism of S -schemes. Assume that $X \rightarrow S$ has property \mathcal{P} , and that $Y \rightarrow S$ is separated. Show that the morphism f has property \mathcal{P} .

Exercise 2:

Let X be a locally Noetherian normal scheme, and let $U \subset X$ be an open subset whose complement $X \setminus U$ has codimension ≥ 2 in X . Show that the restriction map $\Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X) \rightarrow \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_X)$ is an isomorphism. In other words, every function $f \in \Gamma(U, \mathcal{O}_X)$ extends uniquely from U to X .

Hint: Use the following fact from commutative algebra: Let A be a Noetherian integral domain. Then A is normal if and only if $A = \bigcap_{\mathfrak{p}} A_{\mathfrak{p}}$ where the intersection is taken over all prime ideals \mathfrak{p} in A of height 1 (i.e., $\mathfrak{p} \neq (0)$, and if $(0) \subset \mathfrak{p}' \subset \mathfrak{p}$ then either $\mathfrak{p}' = (0)$ or $\mathfrak{p}' = \mathfrak{p}$).

Exercise 3:

Let X be a scheme, and let U be an open subscheme. Denote by $j: U \rightarrow X$ the inclusion.

- (i) Assume that U is affine and that X is separated. Show that j is an affine morphism.
- (ii) Assume that X is Noetherian and that j is an affine morphism. Show that every irreducible component of $X \setminus U$ has codimension ≤ 1 in X .

Hint: For (ii), follow the hint in Görtz-Wedhorn, Exercise 12.18.

Exercise 4:

Let k be a field. Let $\mathbb{A}_k^1 = \text{Spec}(k[t])$ be the affine line over k . Let $\mathbb{A}_k^2 = \text{Spec}(k[x, y])$ be the affine plane over k . Consider the following two cases:

- (i) Let $X := V(y^2 - x^3) \subset \mathbb{A}_k^2$ be the cuspidal curve, and $f: \mathbb{A}_k^1 \rightarrow X$ be the morphism induced from $x \mapsto t^2, y \mapsto t^3$ on rings.
- (ii) Let $X := V(y^2 - x^2(x+1)) \subset \mathbb{A}_k^2$ be the nodal curve, and let $f: \mathbb{A}_k^1 \rightarrow X$ be the morphism induced from $x \mapsto t^2 - 1, y \mapsto t(t^2 - 1)$ on rings.

Show in each case that f is the normalization of X . If k is algebraically closed and $x \in X(k)$, then show that the set $f^{-1}(x)$ is finite and determine its cardinality.